

Seeking Victory in the Fight Against Ovarian Cancer

February 2025 Corporate Presentation

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These slides and the accompanying oral presentation contain forward-looking statements and information. Forward- looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause our or our industry's actual results, levels or activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from those anticipated by such statements. The use of words such as "may", "might", "will", "should", "could", "expect", "plan", "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "project", "intend", "future", "potential" or "continue", and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward looking statements. For example, all statements we make regarding (i) the initiation, timing, cost, progress and results of our preclinical and clinical studies and our research and development programs, (ii) our ability to advance product candidates into, and successfully complete, clinical studies, (iii) the timing or likelihood of regulatory filings and approvals, (iv) our ability to develop, manufacture and commercialize our product candidates and to improve the manufacturing process, (v) the rate and degree of market acceptance of our product candidates, (vi) the size and growth potential of the markets for our product candidates and our ability to serve those markets, and (vii) our expectations regarding our ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection for our product candidates, are forward looking. All forward-looking statements are based on current estimates, assumptions and expectations by our management that, although we believe to be reasonable, are inherently uncertain. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those that we expected. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it was made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. This presentation is not, and nothing in it should be construed as, an offer, invitation or recommendation in respect of our securities, or an offer, invitation or recommendation to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any of our securities in any jurisdiction. Neither this presentation nor anything in it shall form the basis of any contract or commitment. This presentation is not intended to be relied upon as advice to investors or potential investors and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any investor.



Our Mission

We are advancing targeted anti-cancer therapies to address hormone-driven cancers affecting women.



Highlights

Lead asset is dedicated to advancing ovarian cancer 90% of patients are in need for an effective treatment We Treat the Cause of the Cancer

Lead program demonstrated promising initial human clinical data

Targeting prolactin; over expressed in ~80% of patients with ovarian cancer¹

We plan to be the 1st in class prolactin receptor antagonist

Rapidly advancing into Phase 1 study in H1 2026

Pipeline expansion opportunity into breast and uterine cancer - Prolactin overexpressed in ~90% of patients²

1. V. Levina et al. Biological Significance of Prolactin in Gynecologic Cancers. Cancer Res 15 June 2009; 69 (12): 5226–5233. https://doi.org/10.1158/0008-5472.CAN-08-4652; 2. Faupel-Badger et al. Prolactin receptor expression and breast cancer: relationships with tumor characteristics among pre- and post-menopausal women in a population-based case-control study from Poland. Horm Cancer. 2014 Feb;5(1):42-50. doi: 10.1007/s12672-013-0165-7. Epub 2013 Nov 19. PMID: 24249584; PMCID PMC3906637.

Development Pipeline





Leadership Team with Proven Track Record



Dr. Stella Vnook, MBA Co-Founder

Major Biopharma Executive, Transformational Leader with Extensive Pharma Background, Doctorate in Economics of PH and Pharmacy and MBA



Jazz Pharmaceuticals.

MERCK Catalent.



Craig Pierson

Chairman, Founder

LifeTech Capital, Founder of AiM Medical Robotics MSE/CE Life Science Banker for 26 Years







John Langenheim, PhD CSO, Co-founder

Prolactin Receptor Antagonist Expert, Assistant Professor of Cancer Biology for Sidney Kimmel Medical College at Thomas Jefferson University









Pam Swiggard

Regulatory Affairs

Accomplished pharmaceutical executive in global regulatory affairs and quality assurance







David Rosen

Foley & Lardner LLP

FDA Council, Former FDA Panel Member, Author of Orange Book







Anil K. Sood, M.D.

Head of SAB

Department of Gynecologic Oncology and Reproductive Medicine, Division of Surgery

MDAnderson Cancer Center



Ovarian Cancer

Patient Journey is Grim & Needs a Solution to Improve Outcomes

Typically identified when already late stage making treatment difficult and costly. Our focus is to target the cause that created the cancer.

Market Opportunity¹

\$3.7B Current therapies have limited efficacy but represent large market

\$6.4B Expected to grow at a 14.4% CAGR in 2024

Therapeutics that offer a durable response





Consistently Poor Results Across Therapies

Underpins Need for New Innovative Approach

Drug	Target	% of Patients Expression			ORR	mPFS (mo)	mOS (mo)
KAD101 KAD102	Prolactin	~80%			KAD	0102 Opport	unity
Abbvie: Elahere	FR-Alpha ≥75%	~25-30%			42%	5.6	16.5
Sutro: Luvelta	FR-Alpha ≥25%	~60-80%			~38%	NA	NA
Corcept: Relacorilant	Glucocorticoid Receptor (GR)	~40%	l l		33%	5.6	13.9
Checkpoint Inhibitors	PD-(L)1	~10-20%			~5-15%	2.1-3.5	11.8-18.7
				Chemo	~15-20%	~3.5 Average	~13.4 Average
Mersana: Upfitamab	NaPi2b	~50%			13%	Study	Failed
KAIDA							Q

Lead Program Initially Targeting Ovarian Cancer

Novel Biologic that Blocks the Prolactin Receptor to Prevent Cancer Cell Growth Signals and Incite Autophagy

- Novel formulation of de-risked asset, KAD101, which has seen promising initial human clinical data
- New patents filed to secure our future
- Multiple expansion opportunities into endometrial, uterine and breast cancers
- Opportunity as maintenance therapy

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Prolactin

Higher Expression Correlates with Reduced Survival Contributing to Tumor Growth and the Development of Malignancies

Targeting Prolactin

- Potential to disrupt tumor growth and reverse the process through autophagy
- KAD 101 prevents prolactin receptor dimerization

Impact on Cell Signaling

 Involved in pathways like JAK/STAT5 and PI3K/Akt, essential for cell proliferation

Chemotherapy Resistance

The down-regulation of GST is directly linked to chemotherapy resistance, making patients receptive again, a major treatment hurdle



Differentiated Mechanism of Action

KAD101 represents a longer half-life molecule that blocks the prolactin receptor to prevent cancer cell growth signals and initiate autophagy

Activates Autophagy

Triggers cell 'self-eating' process, leading to the death of cancer cells

Cell Proliferation Halted

Inhibits the Jak2 pathway, which is crucial for cancer cell multiplication

Chemoresistance Addressed

• Downregulates GST enzyme, which has shown to reactivate response to chemotherapy in chemo-resistant patients

Autophagy: Programmed Cell Death



Downregulates GST: Chemoresistance





KAD101 (Originally G129R) Demonstrated Promising Initial Human Clinical Data (daily injectable)

All Patients Showed Tumor Reduction with a Clean Safety Profile as a Daily Injectable Low Toxicity with the Tested Doses in Prior Clinical Trials for Ovarian Cancer

Patient 1

- Received Taxol with Neulasta
- Had 2 significant RECISTmeasured tumors
- Stable disease achieved; no new cancer growths observed
- Treatment with low-dose KAD101 deemed effective

Patient 2

- Treatment history includes Taxol, Carboplatin, and Doxil
- Presented with one large RECIST-measured tumor
- Tumor shrank to nonmeasurable size post-KAD101 treatment
- Demonstrated significant response to low-dose KAD101

Patient 3

- Prior treatments: Gemzar, Carboplatin, Doxil, Avastin
- Started the three RECISTmeasured tumors
- Post-treatment, tumors reduced by 15-20% in size
- KAD101 showed a marked reduction in tumor volume

Kaida Improved the Formulation to Achieve a Longer Half-Life That Will Decrease the Number of Injections and Should Provide Improved Activity and Efficacy in the Patient



Key Cancers Where Prolactin Plays a Role

Breast Cancer

Prolactin receptor overexpression is seen in up to 90% of breast cancer cases, especially in hormone receptor-positive subtypes. Prolactin promotes tumor growth and metastasis by activating the Jak2/STAT pathway and other downstream effectors that drive proliferation and survival.

2 Uterine Cancer:

Prolactin overexpression and its signaling through PRLR have been implicated in endometrial cancer. Prolactin stimulates cell proliferation and protects cancer cells from apoptosis (programmed cell death).



Prostate Cancer:

In prostate cancer, prolactin is thought to enhance tumorigenesis through both autocrine and paracrine mechanisms, activating the Jak2/STAT and PI3K/AKT pathways. This increases cancer cell survival, proliferation, and resistance to apoptosis.



Pancreatic cancer is notoriously difficult to treat, but prolactin signaling has emerged as a novel target. Studies suggest that prolactin promotes the survival of pancreatic cancer cells through the PRLR-Jak2-STAT axis, aiding in tumor growth and chemoresistance.

Colorectal Cancer:

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Research has shown that PRLR is upregulated in colorectal cancer, contributing to cancer cell growth and survival. Prolactin may interact with other growth factors to enhance the malignant potential of colorectal tumors.

Backed by Over 25 Years of Published Research from Leading Institutions in the US, Israel and France

Data Published in Prestigious Journals



Anil K. Sood, M.D.

Department of Gynecologic Oncology and Reproductive Medicine, Division of Surgery **University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center**

Check for spokes

Cell Reports

Antagonism of Tumoral Prolactin Receptor Promotes Autophagy-Related Cell Death

¹ Behrouz Zand, ¹ Bulent Ozpolat,^{3,2} Mirosław J. Szczepanski,¹ Chunhua Lu, ¹ Erkan Yuca,² Amy R. Ca say,² Chandra Bartholomouz,² Ibrahim Tekoderoli,² Yu Kang,¹ Rajesha Rupalmoole, ¹Chad V. Beoct, Jaton, ¹ Anduler Bernander, ¹³ Ama Lackhin,² Suant, ¹ Luogendoff, ³Jinason Luu, ¹Walte M. Hittelm, ¹¹ Gabriel Lopoz-Berosteni,²⁵ Marta Szajnki, ¹¹ Naoto T. Levo,³ Robert L. Coleman,¹² and Ani K. Soo ¹ opneoiogic Orocoga and Reproductive Medicin. The University of Tasas M. De Menon Cancer Center, Isoutan, ¹ Statistica and ¹¹ Orocoga and Reproductive Medicin. The University of Tasas M. De Menon Cancer Center, Isoutan, ¹¹ Chandri, ¹¹ Chandri, ¹¹ Chandri, ¹¹ Chandri, ¹¹ Chunhan, ¹¹

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KAIDA

BioPharma

MOLECULAR CANCER THERAPEUTICS

Blockade of the Short Form of Prolactin Receptor Induces FOXO3a/EIF-4EBP1-Mediated Cell Death in Uterine Cancer

Yunfei Wen¹, Ying Wang², Anca Chelariu-Raicu¹, Elaine Stur¹, Yuan Liu^{1,3}, Sara Corvigno¹, Faith Bartsch⁴, Lauren Redfern¹, Behrouz Zand¹, Yu Kang¹, Jinsong Liu⁵, Keith Baggerly², and Anil K. Sood

Abnormal activity of human prolactin (PRL) and its mem- PTEN^{star} orthotopic mouse models of uterine cancer. In com-Absemble activity of human productin (PR12) and his more programmed and the programmed activity of human productin (PR12) contribution to the programmed activity of the production of the prod

Introduction

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2020 American Association for Cancer Research

Introduction
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AACER American Association for Cancer Research

blood

301. VASCULAR WALL BIOLOGY, ENDOTHELIAL PROGENITOR CELLS, AND PLATELET ADHESION, ACTIVATION, AND BIOCHEMISTRY | NOVEMBER 29, 2018

Platelets Promote Activation of the **Complement System in Ovarian Cancer**

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Blood (2018) 132 (Suppl_1) : 4970. http://doi.org/10.1182/blood-2018-99-116752

Abstract

Platelets promote metastasis and growth of ovarian cancer. We have shown that platelets extravasate into the tumor microenvironment (TME) and increase proliferation and epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT) in ovarian cancer cells. We have also shown that activation of the complement system in TME of ovarian cancer enhances tumor growth. Ovarian cancer cells secrete complement proteins that upon activation in the TME increase proliferation of cancer cells and promote EMT via an autocrine pathway. The activators of the complement system in the TME have not been identified. We have demonstrated that upon activation platelets activate the complement system on their surface. In the current study, we examined whether extravasated platelets inside tumors contribute to the complement activation in the TME

1) We examined the effect of antiplatelet reagents on platelet extravasation into TME, using murine models of ovarian cancer. Tumors induced by injection of ovarian cancer cells into the peritoneum of Nu Nu mice were resected after 6-8 weeks and the number of extravasated platelets was determined by immunostaining tumor sections and counting the number CD42 (GPIb) positive cells that were outside the blood vessels (CD31 positive). We found that platelet extravasation is an active process and platelet inhibition by aspirin or ticantelor reduces the number of extravasated platelets. Furthermore, P2Y12 deficient platelets extravasate less than normal platelets. In all of these experiments, the number of



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Accomplished & Upcoming Milestones

- PK and Preclinical Translational Studies
- RE-Formulation for KAD101 (new patent)
- Regulatory Path forward implemented FDA
- Patents filed with further IP filings
- SAB in place with Dr Anil Sood from MD Anderson



- Commence Manufacturing of KAD-101 with US-Based CDMO
- Re-open Existing IND. Securing Type C development meeting
- Complete animal "bridging" studies for the new formulation
- G129R (KAD101) drug substance toxicity studies completed Sponsored Research Agreement with MD Anderson
- Expanding IP portfolio with additional patent filings
- Target Commencement of Phase 1 H1 2026

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COMPLETED

* And Use of Proceeds



Peer Valuations Suggest Potential for Significant Upside, Even at Earlier Stages

Company	Drug	Phase	ORR	mPFS (mo)	mOS (mo)	Deal Price / Market Cap
Acquisitions						
immun•gen.	ELAHERE ipetion NU mg	Approved	42%	5.6	16.5	\$10.1 Billion Acquired by へしし∨i은
ProfoundBio	Rinatabart sesutecan: FR-alpha ADC	Phase 1/2	NA	NA	NA	\$1.8 Billion Acquired by Genmab
	Public Companies					
SUTR: BIOPHARMA	Luvelta	Phase 2/3	~38%	NA	NA	\$350 Million
Corcept	Relacorilant	Phase 2	33%	5.6	13.9	\$2.8 Billion
zentalis [.]	Azenosertib	Phase 1/2		Study Ongoing		\$825 Million
Nuvation Bio	NUV-1511	Phase 1/2		Study Ongoing		\$825 Million
SHATTUCK	SL-172154	Phase 1	9%	-	-	\$500 Million
	MGC026	Phase 1		Study Ongoing		\$280 Million
Recent Private Financings Underscores Interest and Value in Ovarian Cancer Space						
Company	Drug	Phase	Last Round	Total Raise	Tota	al Raise to Date
T TAT R L BIOTHERAPEUTICS	TORL-1-23: Claudin-6 ADC	Phase 1	Series B	\$158 Million		\$350



The Kaida Opportunity

Dedicated to advancing ovarian cancer treatment through innovative drug development

Lead program demonstrated promising initial human clinical data

Rapidly advancing into Phase 1 study in H1 2026

Targeting \$6.4 billion¹ market opportunity where current therapies have limited efficacy

KAD 101 leverages autophagy induction to promote cancer cell death

Represents a novel and exciting MOA that significantly weakens the tumor and in some cases you may see complete remission. When combined with targeted therapeutics we believe we will see Victory!







Thank You!

Dr. Vnook KAIDA BioPharma Email: <u>skvnook@gmail.com</u> www.KAIDA-BioPharma.com

Glossary of Terms

Autophagy	A process where cells recycle their components to stay healthy and respond to stress.		
CAGR	Compounded Annual Growth Rate: The annualized average growth rate of an investment or metric over a specified period.		
Cell Proliferation	The process by which cells divide and multiply, leading to growth or tissue repair.		
Chemoresistance	The ability of cancer cells to resist the effects of chemotherapy.		
Endometrial Cancer	Cancer that begins in the lining of the uterus (endometrium).		
GST Enzyme	Glutathione S-transferase: An enzyme involved in detoxifying harmful compounds within cells.		
Half-Life	The time it takes for a substance, like a drug, to reduce to half its original amount in the body.		
Jak2 Pathway	A signaling pathway involved in cell growth and development, often linked to certain cancers.		
Malignancy	Cancerous growth that can spread to other parts of the body.		
Orphan Drug Designation	A special status for drugs targeting rare diseases affecting fewer than 200,000 patients in the U.S., providing 7 years of market exclusivity.		
ORR	Overall Response Rate: The percentage of patients whose cancer shrinks or disappears due to treatment.		
Ovarian Cancer	Cancer that begins in the ovaries, part of the female reproductive system.		
PFS	Progression Free Survival: The length of time during and after treatment that a patient's cancer does not worsen.		
Platinum-Resistant	A type of cancer that does not respond well to platinum-based chemotherapy.		
Prolactin	A hormone primarily responsible for stimulating milk production in mammals.		
RECIST-measured	A standard way to measure tumor response to treatment, using defined criteria.		
SRA	Sponsored Research Agreement		
Tumor	An abnormal mass of tissue resulting from uncontrolled cell growth.		
Uterine Cancer	Cancer that starts in the uterus, commonly involving the endometrium.		

